

FARM AND HOME.

The Fair.

EDITOR OF THE CHRONICLE: It is gratifying to know that you are taking some interest in this question. Rest assured that this entire community, irrespective of parties, will sustain you in this course. A Journal, living off the public, has something more to do than to deal in politics. There are other interests far more vital, in my judgment, than this, and the Eastern Division Fair is one of them. Pause for one moment and consider the imperishable interests at stake. There is not a citizen of Knoxville, or of East Tennessee, but who has a direct and positive interest in this undertaking. Not one. Our own city will be benefited hundreds and thousands of dollars. One fair alone would pour into our lap not less than thirty or forty thousand dollars. The merchants and hotel keepers would reap the most liberal harvest. Indeed, all classes would be largely benefited, as I have again and again attempted to demonstrate.

But, my dear Sir, this is but a circumscribed view of the matter. It has a broader horizon than this in another direction. The entire farming community, from Chattanooga to Bristol, will receive an impetus which nothing could give. It will arouse and bring into vigorous and powerful action the dormant energies of the tillers of the soil. Their pride will be stimulated, their ambition intensified. They will have the courage and the daring to blaze out a new pathway in agricultural development, and acquire a firmer resolve to succeed in their laudable undertakings.

Not the least of the grand results which would inevitably ensue, would be the improved culture which would take place in every department of agricultural enterprise. More and better grain would be produced. Finer breeds of stock would grace our landed estates. We would see, upon every homestead, the thoroughbred horse, the magnificent Durham and the well-famed and finely developed Chester hog. Do not tell me that this fair would not bring about all these results. Swear it until you turn as black as the ace of spades, and we will not believe it. The history of fairs from their inception to the present moment, is marked with continued series of triumphs.

But, Sir, I know how precious is your space. The subject, however, must excuse our length. Tell your readers, and tell them often, that our fair in October next is now reduced to an absolute certainty.

C. W. CHARTON.

Summer Fruits.

Acids promote the separation of the bile from the blood, which is then passed from the system, thus preventing fever, the prevailing disease of Summer. All fevers are "bilious;" that is, the bile is in the blood. Whatever is antagonistic of fever is cooling. It is a common saying that fruits are "cooling," and also berries of every description; it is because the acidity which they contain aids in separating the bile from the blood; that is, aids in purifying the blood. Hence the great yearning for greens, and lettuce, and salads in the early Spring, these being eaten with vinegar; hence, also, the taste for something sour, for lemonades, on attack of fever. But this being the case, it is easy to see, that we nullify the good effects of fruits and berries, in proportion as we eat them with sugar, or even sweet milk or cream. If we eat them in their natural state, fresh, ripe, perfect, it is almost impossible to eat too many, to hurt us, especially if we eat them alone, not taking any liquid with them whatever.

THE NEW ENGLAND HOMESTEAD says an auction sale of Jersey cows, just imported in fine condition, took place at Boston a short time since. The stock is represented as among the best imported, and a large number of buyers of choice breeds were present. Bijou, a two-year old heifer and calf, started at \$200, were sold at \$370. Princess, a two-year old heifer and calf, were sold at \$200, which was the lowest price of any of the lot. Paragon, a two-year old heifer, sold at \$300. Umbra, a choice looking heifer of two years, sold for \$500. Ceres, two years, \$400; Touzella, three years old, to calve in September, \$310; Betsey Baker, a two-year old heifer, larger, appeared to be the favorite among buyers, who began at a high price, and briskly competed for her up to \$750, at which price she was sold; Grace Darling, another fine looking heifer, in calf, as were most of them, was sold at \$510.

EFFECT OF DROUGHT IN CONNECTICUT.—The Hartford Times of Saturday draws a dismal picture of the drought in Connecticut. A little rain fell during the week, but not enough to produce any permanent benefit. All vegetation suffers. Farmers are buying hay. Butter is not plenty. Corn, except in swales and on low lands is all curled up; it will produce on hundreds of farms, little more than nibbles, and many farmers have already cut their cornstalks for fodder. Late planted potatoes are generally thought to be a complete failure, and these constitute the bulk of the crop. Tobacco also feels the drought. This year's crop will be less valuable than that of 1869. Apples are mostly small, and beginning to drop. If rain would fall copiously now it would not repair the damage to any great extent.

REMEDY FOR CHRONIC DIARRHEA.—"Having suffered from drinking Coccalate water through a lead pipe in my office in Boston, causing partial paralysis of the rectum and diarrhea for 12 months, I was induced to use the following prescription, given me by Prof. Geo. B. Wood of Philadelphia, with the happiest result:—Pulverized alum, grains ten, pulverized nutmeg, grains five, this powder to be taken three times a day. Since my recovery, the prescription has been used in cases caused by lead poison, and others of chronic diarrhea, with uniformly good results."—Dr. Russel, in Boston Journal of Chemistry.

A contributor to the Germantown Telegraph is a great friend to moles, and says: "A few years ago, I had a fine piece of meadow land, but the grub-worms came and destroyed every spear of grass on it, by eating the roots until they died. Then came the moles, literally plowing every square rod of ground and piling up unsightly mounds of earth all over it, but I soon found that they were destroying the grub-worms, and so let them alone until they had 'cleaned out' almost every one, and now you cannot find either a mole or grub-worm in the field."

The National Union of Carpenters and Joiners meets in New Haven, Conn., on the second Tuesday in September.

A ten-per-cent. reduction has brought on a strike in the nail works of the Providence (Rhode Island) Iron Company.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Campaign Documents.—The Agricultural College Fund.—An F. V. Showing OR.

From our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, August 8, 1870.

The Republican Congressional Executive Committee have a number of campaign documents in press, that will be ready for distribution in a short while. Unlike their opponents, they expect to appeal to the good sense of the country, and to that end the true situation, the attitude of the two parties, what has and what has not been done by Congress and the Administration, and what the history of the Democratic party suggests that it is capable of doing, would do, if admitted to power, will be pointedly delineated in documents now in course of preparation by the Committee, and sent to the people for their consideration. The assaults of the Democracy will probably be of a personal character, of which the attack upon Gen. Howard, as manager of the Freedmen's Bureau, is a fair example.

Mr. Arnell, who was Chairman of the Howard Investigating Committee, is detained here now getting the testimony in point. The report of the Committee is quite voluminous, embracing 800 pages, and will exonerate Gen. Howard, as every fair-minded man confidently expected it would. The charges were malicious, and were doubtless made as a Democratic electioneering hobby, but as such, they are likely to kick back, to the great discomfiture of their unscrupulous authors.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

The unwarranted attempt of the Tennessee Legislature to take from the East Tennessee University the Agricultural College Fund, called forth a resolution of inquiry concerning the matter, which was introduced by Mr. Maynard during the latter part of the session of Congress just ended, and referred to the Committee on Education, of which Mr. Arnell is also chairman. The Committee prepared and reported a bill, just previous to the close of the session, which, when passed, will effectually put a stop to the work of removing this fund about over the State, in answer to the whims of every partisan Legislature that may chance to be elected. The bill is general in its bearing, and will apply to other States as well as Tennessee. The time at which it was introduced made its passage at the last session impossible, but Mr. Arnell confidently expects it will go through when Congress meets again. If every Legislature that is elected can move this fund whither it pleases after it has been once located, the people will never know where to find it, and it will eventually be squandered and lost during some of its migrating periods. Hence, the propriety of the law is at once seen, and it should be enacted without unnecessary delay. The fate of the sacred school fund, held by our State previous to the war, which was, as is the College Fund, largely the result of Congressional munificence, amply warns us as to what may become of the College Fund if it can be removed from one point to another at the pleasure of the Legislature. When the recent Legislatures, who precipitated the school fund on a wandering trip South, the people lost sight of it, and when the war closed, the bulk of it had "gone where the wood-hind twined." Unfortunately, that portion of the assets of the State Bank, which was returned, was mismanaged and some of it lost; but the Democratic cry over this is inspired more by a desire to attract attention from their own guilt, in having at first disturbed it, and afterward lawlessly squandered the bulk of it, than by any sense of honesty on their part. If the Legislature can thus tamper with vested rights, by taking this fund from the East Tennessee University. The fund itself is of no practical value as an educational one, for no College would desire it or accept it as an endowment in view of the probability that the next Legislature might remove it to some other place.

Claims for Bounty.

The following circular has just been issued by the Second Auditor of the Treasury:

1. No action can be taken on claims for bounty under the decision of the Supreme Court of March 14, 1870, by the accounting officers, until further legislation by Congress, as the Adjutant General cannot designate the regiments to which said decision applies; the President's proclamation and the general orders of the War Department, upon which the decision is based, having authorized the raising of only forty regiments, while eighty-two were accepted.

2. By the act of July 30, 1870, the fourth section of the act of March 3, 1869, entitled "An act in relation to additional bounties, and for other purposes," is repealed, and the time for filing bounty claims under the act of July 28, 1869 (additional bounty), is extended to January 13, 1871.

3. Soldiers who enlisted under the act of July 4, 1861, are not entitled to the unpaid installments of bounty under section 1, act of March 3, 1869, and the decision of the Attorney General of January 19, 1870, unless their discharge certificates declare them to be discharged by reason of "expiration of term of service."

4. The bill which passed the House of Representatives giving eight and one-third dollars per month to each soldier during his actual service, not having passed the Senate, is not a law.

5. No law granting bounty was enacted by the Forty-first Congress, nor has any such law been enacted since the act of March 3, 1869.

6. In all cases where blanks and instructions for the presentation of claims for bounty by claimants are requested, the service of the soldier, the date and cause of discharge, or, if the soldier is dead, the date and cause of death, the relationship of the nearest heirs, and what bounty is claimed, should be fully stated.—Philadelphia Press.

ABORTION IN COWS.—Dr. McClure furnishes the *Practical Farmer* the following as a preventive of abortion: "Powdered sulphate of iron, two drachms; powdered gentian root, half an ounce; mix and make a dose. This will be a powerful tonic, adding richness to the blood, strengthening the mucous surfaces and imparting health and strength to the whole system, thereby enabling the animal to carry her young to its full time. Food and generous feeding is also a preventive by itself, but better in conjunction with the above powder."

McCORKLE & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Agricultural Implements, Fertilizers, &c., &c.,

—INCLUDING—

EXCELSIOR AND CLIPPER REAPERS AND MOWERS.

None Better.

Keller's Gum Spring and Grain

GUANO DRILL.



"THE BEST."

Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mills,

For Families and Manufacturers. Best Mill in the world. Saves all the Fruit. PRESSES, SCREWS, GRINDERS, &c.

Genuine Pitts and Favorite Gieser Threshers, SEPARATORS AND HORSE-POWERS.

Feed Cutters of all Varieties, Corn Shellers, Sulky Rakes, Clover Seed Gatherers.

And every Implement found in a first-class Agricultural House, North or South. All warranted. Send for a Descriptive Circular. Letters of inquiry promptly answered.

LIBERAL ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS OF PRODUCE.

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EAST TENNESSEE AND VIRGINIA RAILROAD DEPOT, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE.

CLARK, QUAFIE & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

CUMBERLAND FOUNDRY, KNOXVILLE,

—AND—

CARTER IRON WORKS, CARTER COUNTY, TENNESSEE.

We are now prepared to furnish castings to the people of East Tennessee cheaper than ever before sold in this State. We make our own iron, and can afford to sell castings at lower prices than it is possible to furnish them when brought in from distant States. We make both

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,

of various patterns and sizes, for wood or coal.

GRATES, FRONTS AND FENDERS.

From 13 to 19 inch Basket, Fire Dogs, Wagon Boxes, Wash Kettles, Bakers, Ovens, Skillets, and Pots of all sizes. Also, all kinds of STOVE WARE.

Horse Powers, Threshers, Cane Mills, Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Plows, and other Farming Implements.

Grates for Steam Engines, Water Wheels, Saw Mills complete, and every kind of Mill Castings, &c., &c., &c.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Castings, at highest market prices.

All work WARRANTED as represented.

Foundry, on Knoxville and Kentucky Railroad. Depot for Castings, at the store of Hoxsie & DePue, Gay street.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND PRICE LISTS.

may 20-d6twlv

CHAMBERLAIN & ALBERS, DRUGGISTS,

AT THE

"Old Drug Store,"

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

We keep a full supply of everything in the

DRUG LINE.

Together with

Indigo, Madder, Aniline, operras, Alum,

And everything needed in Dyeing.

Paints, Paints, Paints.

OILS, OILS, OILS!

We pride ourselves on keeping the purest materials for Painting of any house in Knoxville, Or.

Anchor Lead

Is not excelled by any and equalled by but few.

Pure Wines and Liquors

Always on Hand

PROPRIETORS OF

MRS. WINSLOW'S WORM CANDY,

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AND

SYMPHIX.

ap 13-6f

BROOM CORN! BROOM CORN!

BOLLI & CHAVANNES,

Manufacturers of Brooms,

WOULD INFORM THE FARMING COMMUNITY that they will purchase all

Broom Corn

of good quality that is offered to them, at the market price. The time being close at hand when it should be prepared and offered for sale, those who have planted Broom Corn, but are not familiar with its culture and treatment, can obtain all necessary information by addressing

BOLLI & CHAVANNES, Knoxville, Tenn. jun 29-d6twlv

L. C. SHEPARD,

General Undertaker,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY FOR USE

The Finest of Silver-Mounted Caskets,



Every description of Metallic Cases, from Plain to Elaborately Silver-Mounted.



As well as every description of Rosewood, Walnut, Velvet-Covered or Polish Coffins, and any variety of Trimmings or Finish, either Plain or Silver-Mounted; fine Catholic, Masonic and other Emblematic Trimmings, and a

FIRST CLASS HEARSE.



Furnishes Carriages, procures Interments and Disinterments at the shortest time and as cheap as anybody. Office at RENSLOW & HACKER'S, House, three doors west of Court House, Main street. ap 13-6m

THE OLDEST PRIVATE DISPENSARY IN NASHVILLE

DR. MCGILL'S,

—ON—

Dunderberg Street.

PERMATERRUGA CURED. MY FRIEND, stop before you further go. I cure that disease, and I warrant a cure. My price is THIRTY DOLLARS, sent in advance, and I furnish all medicines; and if a cure is not effected, I return the money.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. All letters directed to Dr. MCGILL, Nashville, Tenn.

Bear in Mind.

That the KNOXVILLE DAILY CHRONICLE contains the largest amount of reading matter of any paper in the city.

THE SUPREME COURT

FOR THE Eastern Division of the State of Tennessee at Knoxville.

WILL BE BEGUN, OPENED AND HELD AT the Court House in Knoxville, on the 2nd Monday (being the 12th day) of September next, when the business of the Court will be taken up and heard in accordance with the order made by said Court at its last term: which order is in the words and figures following, to-wit:

It is ordered by the Court that at the next term of this Court, the civil cases upon the docket be taken up and disposed of in the following order, to-wit: First, All cases on the docket of the 4th Circuit filed during or previous to the year 1868. Second, All cases upon the docket of the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Circuits, filed during and previous to the year 1869. (Commencing with the First Circuit, and taking the cases in the order or above named.) The criminal cases will be taken up and disposed of as the Court may direct.

A true copy of the order. Test: M. L. PATTERSON, Clerk Supreme Court, at Knoxville, Jan 11-d6twlv.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent thinness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

For sale by all Druggists and Merchants generally. E. J. SANFORD & CO.,

Wholesale Agents, Knoxville, Tenn.

May 25-wly

C. M. MCGHEE,

President.

JOS. R. MITCHELL,

Cashier.

People's Bank of Knoxville

—AND— STATE DEPOSITORY.

OFFICE: Opposite Bank Building, Gay Street,

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Will transact a General Banking and Brokerage Business, receive Deposits, issue certificates of Deposit, deal in Exchange, buy Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, Bonds and Stocks.

We prefer that Collectors of Revenue should come in person or send funds by an agent, instead of by mail or express. J. R. MITCHELL, Cashier.

ap 27-6f

County Court of Fentress County.

Ed Hatfield vs. Elizabeth Stepp, widow of Jas. Stepp, dec'd, and John Stepp, Jr., heirs of Jas. Stepp, dec'd.

Petition to sell land to pay debts.

IN THIS CASE, IT APPEARING FROM THE petition, which is sworn to, that the above named defendants, Elizabeth Stepp and John Stepp, Jr., are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, it is ordered by me that publication be made in the Weekly Chronicle, a newspaper published at Knoxville, Tennessee, for four consecutive weeks, commanding said defendants to appear before the County Court of Fentress County, on the 1st Monday of September next, and make defence to said petition, or the same will be taken for confessed, and set for hearing ex-parte.

Witness Simon Hinds, Clerk of said Court, at office in Jamestown, this 1st Monday in July, 1870. SIMON HINDS, Clerk County Court.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED FROM the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, Tennessee, and to me directed, I will sell for cash, at the Depot of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, in Knoxville, on the 12th day of August, 1870, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, claim and demand that John R. Branner, in his lifetime, had in and to one hundred and fifty shares of the capital stock of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, now in the hands of his Executors, John Talbott, B. M. Branner and G. M. Branner; levied on as the property of the deceased, John R. Branner, to satisfy a judgment rendered in the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, Tennessee, on the 13th day of April, 1870, for the sum of one thousand and sixty dollars and sixty-three cents (\$1,063 03) and costs, in favor of James M. Meek, for the use of Isaac Baker vs. John Talbott et al., Executors of John R. Branner, deceased.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED FROM the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, Tennessee, and to me directed, I will sell for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, at the Depot of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, on Saturday, the 28th day of August, 1870, all the right, title, claim and demand that John R. Branner, in his lifetime, had in and to five hundred, eighty-eight and one-half shares of capital stock in the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, now in the hands of his Executors, John Talbott, B. M. Branner and G. M. Branner; levied on as the property of the deceased, John R. Branner, to satisfy a judgment rendered in the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, Tennessee, on the 13th day of April, 1870, for the sum of four thousand, two hundred and forty-five dollars (\$4,245 00) and costs, in favor of J. M. Meek vs. John Talbott et al., Executors of John R. Branner, deceased.

July 11-d6twlv. V. F. GOSSETT, Sheriff.

Attachment.

Drew Abbott vs. Harrison English. Before F. H. Dagley, a Justice of the Peace for Anderson County, Tennessee.

IN THIS CASE, THE PLAINTIFF HAVING made oath that the defendant is indebted to him, and has absconded, and the plaintiff having given bond according to law, and obtained an attachment against the estate of the said defendant, made returnable before F. H. Dagley, a Justice of the Peace of Anderson County, Tennessee, which attachment has been levied on the property of the defendant, it is ordered that the defendant appear before said Justice of the Peace, at his office in said county, on the 25th day of October, to defend said suit, and show cause, if any he has, why judgment final should not be rendered against him or the same will be accordingly done, and the case proceed with ex-parte. It is further ordered that this notice be published for four successive weeks in the Knoxville Chronicle. This 25th April, 1870. F. H. DAGLEY, J. P. for Anderson Co.